

Homework #3



Numerical Analysis for Materials

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POSTECH

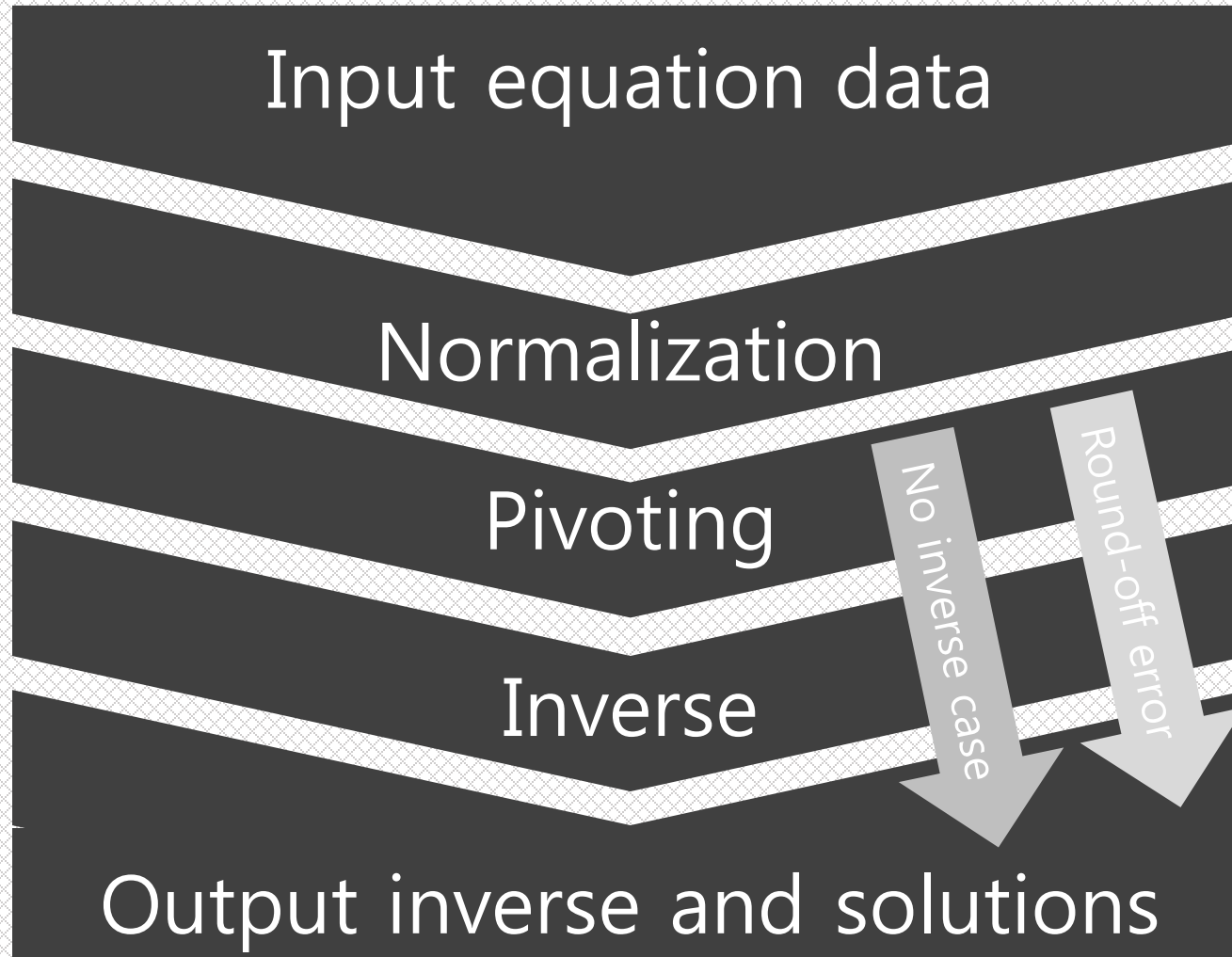
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Problem

- $n \times n$ matrix의 inverse를 구하시오.

Main structure



*Error code:

- Normal \rightarrow 0
- Round-off error \rightarrow 1
- No inverse or unique solution case \rightarrow 2

*Input file name:

- matrix.txt

*Output file name:

- matrix_inverse.txt
- solutions.txt

*Total # of functions = 3

*Total # of code lines = 208

Running Program

Input

```
matrix - 데모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
4
1 1 0 3 4
2 1 -1 1 1
3 -1 -1 2 -3
-1 2 3 -1 4
```

Output

```
matrix_inverse - 데모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
4
-0.2308 0.2051 0.3333 0.1795
0.0769 0.4872 -0.3333 0.0513
0.0000 -0.3333 0.3333 0.3333
0.3846 -0.2308 -0.0000 -0.0769

solutions - 데모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
x0 = -1.000000
x1 = 2.000000
x2 = -0.000000
x3 = 1.000000
```

Program

```
Your matrix is
1.00 1.00 0.00 3.00 | 1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 4.00
2.00 1.00 -1.00 1.00 | 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 | 1.00
3.00 -1.00 -1.00 2.00 | 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 | -3.00
-1.00 2.00 3.00 -1.00 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 | 4.00

Normalized matrix is
0.33 0.33 0.00 1.00 | 0.33 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 1.33
1.00 0.50 -0.50 0.50 | 0.00 0.50 0.00 0.00 | 0.50
1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.67 | 0.00 0.00 0.33 0.00 | -1.00
-0.33 0.67 1.00 -0.33 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.33 | 1.33

Partial pivoted matrix is
1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.67 | 0.00 0.00 0.33 0.00 | -1.00
0.00 0.83 -0.17 -0.17 | 0.00 0.50 -0.33 0.00 | 1.50
0.00 0.00 1.00 -0.00 | 0.00 -0.33 0.33 0.33 | -0.00
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.87 | 0.33 -0.20 -0.00 -0.07 | 0.87

Inverse matrix is
1.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | -0.23 0.21 0.33 0.18 | -1.00
0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.08 0.49 -0.33 0.05 | 2.00
0.00 0.00 1.00 -0.00 | 0.00 -0.33 0.33 0.33 | -0.00
0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 | 0.38 -0.23 -0.00 -0.08 | 1.00
```

Case study

Zero pivot

```
Your matrix is
0.00  4.00  -1.00  1.00  0.00  0.00  15.00
1.00  1.00  1.00  10.00  1.00  0.00  16.00
2.00  -2.00  1.00  10.00  0.00  1.00  11.00

Normalized matrix is
0.00  1.00  -0.25  10.25  0.00  0.00  11.25
1.00  1.00  1.00  10.00  1.00  0.00  16.00
1.00  -1.00  0.50  10.00  0.00  0.50  10.50

Partial pivoted matrix is
1.00  1.00  1.00  10.00  1.00  0.00  16.00
0.00  -2.00  -0.50  10.00  -1.00  0.50  -15.50
0.00  0.00  -0.50  10.25  -0.50  0.25  -11.50

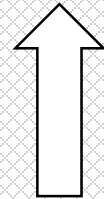
Inverse matrix is
1.00  0.00  0.00  10.38  -0.25  0.63  11.00
0.00  1.00  0.00  10.13  0.25  -0.13  12.00
0.00  0.00  1.00  -10.50  1.00  -0.50  13.00
```

Round-off error

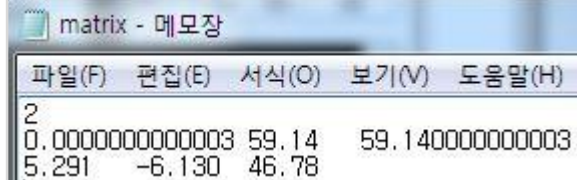
```
Your matrix is
0.00  59.14  1.00  0.00  159.14
5.29  -6.13  10.00  1.00  146.78

Normalized matrix is
0.00  1.00  10.02  0.00  11.00
0.86  -1.00  10.00  0.16  17.63

Partial pivoted matrix is
Round-off error
Inverse matrix is
Round-off error
```



Input



```
matrix - 메모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O) 보기(V) 도움말(H)
2
0.0000000000000003 59.14  59.14000000000003
5.291  -6.130  46.78
```

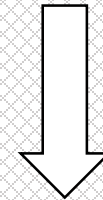
No inverse

```
Your matrix is
1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.00  0.00  1.00
1.00  2.00  3.00  10.00  1.00  0.00  14.00
0.00  1.00  2.00  10.00  0.00  1.00  13.00

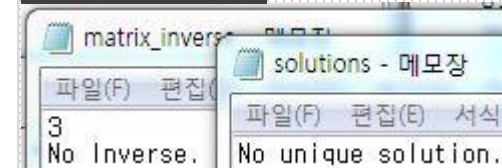
Normalized matrix is
1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.00  0.00  1.00
0.33  0.67  1.00  10.00  0.33  0.00  11.33
0.00  0.50  1.00  10.00  0.00  0.50  11.50

Partial pivoted matrix is
1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.00  0.00  1.00
0.00  0.50  1.00  10.00  0.00  0.50  11.50
0.00  0.00  0.00  -10.33  0.33  -0.33  10.00

Inverse matrix is
No inverse
```



Output



```
matrix_invers
3
No Inverse.

solutions - 메모장
파일(F) 편집(E) 서식(O)
No unique solution.
```

Conclusion

- 입력 받은 행렬의 역행렬을 구할 수 있다.
- Pivoting과 Inverse에서 예외처리가 수행된다.
- 예외처리는 'round-off error'와 'inverse가 없는 경우'로 구분 가능하다.
- 이 프로그램은 scaled partial pivoting을 성공적으로 수행한다.

Appendix_code main



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```
int main(void)
{
    //n is a size of matrix.
    //er is error code;0_normal, 1_round-off error, 2_no inverse.
    int n,er=0;
    //tol is a tolerance of calculation.
    double tol=pow(10,-12);
    //A is a double pointer for dynamic allocation matrix.
    double **A = NULL;
    //B is a pointer for dynamic allocation vector.
    double *B = NULL;
    //i and j are variable for loop.
    int i,j;
    //f is a pointer for a file.
    FILE *f;
    //Read matrix
    f = fopen("matrix.txt","r");
    //Scan the size of matrix from file.
    fscanf(f,"%d\n",&n);
    //Create the matrix and vector by dynamic allocation
    A = (double**)calloc(n,sizeof(double));
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        A[i]=(double*)calloc(2*n,sizeof(double));
    B = (double*)calloc(n,sizeof(double));
    //Scan elements of matrix from file.
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(j=0;j<n;j++){
            fscanf(f,"%lf\t",&A[i][j]);
            fscanf(f,"%lf\n",&B[i]);
        }
    }
    fclose(f);
    //Create Identity
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(j=0;j<n;j++){
            if(i==j)
                A[i][j+n]=1;
        }
    }
}
```

```
//View the insert matrix
printf("Your matrix is\n");
Print_matrix(A,B,n,&er);

//Normalization
Normalization(A,B,n);
printf("Normalized matrix is\n");
Print_matrix(A,B,n,&er);

//Partial_pivoting
Pivoting(A,B,n,&er,tol);
printf("Partial pivoted matrix is\n");
Print_matrix(A,B,n,&er);

//Inverse
Inverse(A,B,n,&er,tol);
printf("Inverse matrix is\n");
Print_matrix(A,B,n,&er);
```

```
//Write inverse matrix
f = fopen("matrix_inverse.txt","w");
fprintf(f,"%d\n",n);
if(er==0){
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(j=n;j<2*n;j++){
            fprintf(f,"%4lf\t",A[i][j]);
            fprintf(f,"\n");
        }
    }
}
else if(er==1){
    fprintf(f,"Round-off error.");
}
else if(er==2){
    fprintf(f,"No Inverse.");
}
fclose(f);

//Write solutions
f = fopen("solutions.txt","w");
if(er == 0)
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        fprintf(f,"x%d = %lf\n",i,B[i]);
else if(er == 1){
    fprintf(f,"Round-off error.");
}
else if(er == 2){
    fprintf(f,"No unique solution.\n");
}
fclose(f);

return 0;
```

Appendix_code Print_matrix

```
void Print_matrix(double** A, double* B, int n, int* er){
    int i, j;
    if(*er==0){
        for(i=0; i<n; i++){
            for(j=0; j<2*n; j++){
                if(j==n)
                    printf("|");
                printf("%.21f\t", A[i][j]);
            }
            printf("|%.21f\n", B[i]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    else if(*er==1){
        printf("Round-off error\n");
        return;
    }
    else if(*er==2){
        printf("No inverse\n");
        return;
    }
}
```


Appendix_code Normalization

```
void Normalization(double** A, double* B, int n) {  
    double s[n];  
    int i, j;  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {  
        s[i] = fabs(A[i][0]);  
        for(j=1; j<n; j++)  
            if(s[i] < fabs(A[i][j]))  
                s[i] = fabs(A[i][j]);  
    }  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {  
        for(j=0; j<2*n; j++)  
            A[i][j] /= s[i];  
        B[i] /= s[i];  
    }  
}
```

Appendix_code Pivoting

```
void Pivoting(double** A, double* B, int n, int* er, double tol) {
    double sup, dummy, r;
    int m, i, j, ord;
    for(m=0; m<n-1; m++) {
        //Find maximum of mth column under mth row
        sup = fabs(A[m][m]);
        for(i=m+1, ord=m; i<n; i++) {
            if(sup < fabs(A[i][m])) {
                sup = fabs(A[i][m]);
                ord = i;
            }
        }
        //Exchange rows
        if(ord != m) {
            for(j=m; j<2*n; j++) {
                dummy = A[m][j];
                A[m][j] = A[ord][j];
                A[ord][j] = dummy;
            }
            dummy = B[m];
            B[m] = B[ord];
            B[ord] = dummy;
        }
        //Eliminate lower elements
        for(i=m+1; i<n; i++) {
            //Error check
            if(A[m][m] == 0) {
                *er = 2;
                return;
            }
            r = A[i][m]/A[m][m];
            //Error check
            if(fabs(r) < tol && A[i][m] != 0) {
                *er = 1;
                return;
            }
            for(j=m; j<2*n; j++)
                A[i][j] -= r*A[m][j];
            B[i] -= r*B[m];
        }
    }
}
```

Appendix_code Inverse

```
void Inverse(double** A, double* B, int n, int* er, double tol){
    int m, i, j;
    double r;
    for(m=n-1; m>0; m--){
        for(i=m-1; i>=0; i--){
            if(A[m][m]<tol){
                *er = 2;
                return;
            }
            r = A[i][m]/A[m][m];
            B[i] -= r*B[m];
            for(j=m; j<2*n; j++){
                A[i][j] -= r*A[m][j];
            }
        }
    }
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){
        r = A[i][i];
        A[i][i] /= r;
        for(j=n; j<2*n; j++){
            A[i][j] /= r;
        }
        B[i] /= r;
    }
}
```