

CSL boundary

➤ CSL (coincidence site lattice) boundary

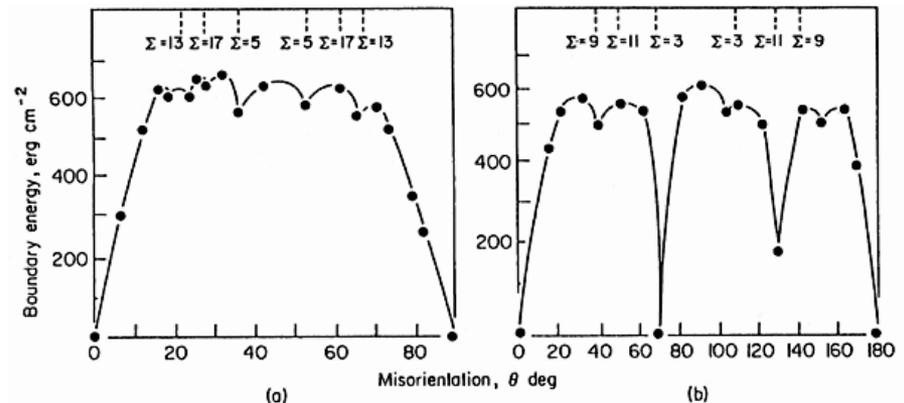
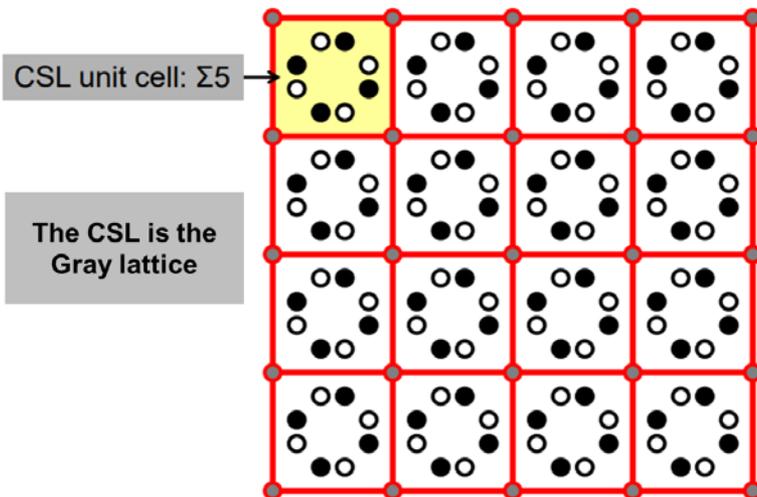
특정 angle에서 두 grain의 lattice point가 정확히 일치하는 경우 두 grain 사이의 boundary를 CSL boundary 라고 한다.

➤ Σ (sigma)

unit cell 내에서 CSL의 lattice point 수와 전체 lattice point 수 사이의 관계를 나타낸다.

$$\Sigma = \frac{\text{The number of lattice points in a unit cell}}{\text{The number of lattice points in the unit cell of a CSL}}$$

Σ 가 낮을 수록 일치하는 lattice point가 많음을 의미하므로 일반적으로 낮은 grain boundary energy 를 가진다.



$$\frac{X_i^\phi}{X_n^\phi} = \frac{X_i^B}{X_n^B} e^{-\Delta G_i^{\text{ex}} / RT}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_i^\phi = \left(\frac{X_i^\phi}{X_n^B} \right) X_i^B e^{-\Delta G_i^{\text{ex}} / RT}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} X_i^\phi X_n^B = \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B X_n^\phi e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} X_i^\phi X_n^B + X_n^\phi X_n^B = \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B X_n^\phi e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT} + X_n^\phi X_n^B$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{X_n^\phi}{X_n^B} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} X_i^\phi + X_n^\phi}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT} + X_n^B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT} + X_n^B + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B - \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B (e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT} - 1) + 1}$$

$$\therefore X_i^\phi = \frac{X_i^B e^{-\Delta G_i^{\text{ex}} / RT}}{1 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} X_j^B (e^{-\Delta G_j^{\text{ex}} / RT} - 1)}$$