

# 1 CSL (Coincidence site lattice) boundary

서로 다른 방향성을 가진 두 결정은 misorientation에 의해 이루는 grain boundary를 가지지만, 적자점을  $\frac{2}{3}$  부분이 우연히 일치하는 경우 생기기 때문에 합쳐서 CSL (Coincidence site lattice)라고 한다. CSL은 극저점을 반복하여 극저점을 반복하는 합쳐서 CSL Boundary를 부른다. CSL Boundary는 다른 grain boundary에 비해 낮은 에너지를 가지며, degree of fit (도)에 의해 파악한다. 서로 다른 두 grain의 도는 전체 site의 수 대비 일치하는 site의 비율이 작을수록 작아진다.

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$$\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i^{\phi} x_n^B = \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B x_n^{\phi} e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} \quad (\text{Hint})$$

$$\Rightarrow x_n^B \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i^{\phi} = x_n^{\phi} \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x_n^{\phi}}{x_n^B} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i^{\phi}}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}$$

$$\frac{x_i^{\phi}}{x_n^B} \times \frac{x_n^{\phi}}{x_i^{\phi}} = \frac{x_i^{\phi}}{x_n^B} \times \frac{x_n^B}{x_i^B e^{-\Delta G^{seg}/RT}} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}$$

$$x_i^{\phi} = \frac{x_i^B e^{-\Delta G^{seg}/RT} \times \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^{\phi}}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}$$

$$= \frac{x_i^B e^{-\Delta G^{seg}/RT} \times (1 - x_n^{\phi})}{\sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}$$

$$x_i^{\phi} \times \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} = x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} - x_n^{\phi} x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}$$

$$= x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} - x_i^{\phi} x_n^B$$

$$x_i^{\phi} \left( \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} + x_n^B \right) = x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}$$

$$x_i^{\phi} \left( 1 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} \left( x_j^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} - x_j^{\phi} \right) \right) = x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}$$

$$\therefore x_i^{\phi} = \frac{x_i^B e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}}{1 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} x_j^B (e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT} - 1)}$$

$$\text{By } \frac{x_i^{\phi}}{x_n^{\phi}} = \frac{x_i^B}{x_n^B} e^{-\Delta G_j^{seg}/RT}$$